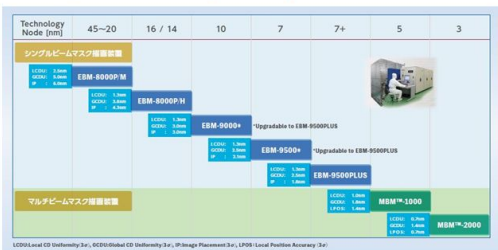


Electron Beam Mask Writer EBM-9500PLUS for logic 7nm+ node generation

Hideki Matsui*, Kota Iwasaki, Noriaki Nakayama, Takashi Kamikubo, Keita Ideno, Michihiro Kawaguchi, Kiyoshi Nakaso, Takahito Nakayama, Takanao Touya, Taku Yamada, Toru Hinata and Kenji Ohtoshi.
NuFlare Technology, Inc., 8-1 Shinsugita, Isogo, Yokohama, Kanagawa 235-8522, Japan

NuFlare's EB mask writer roadmap

> Full production lineup is ready for sales.



Motivation for development

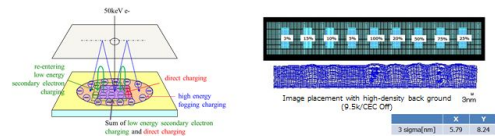
- > Target technology Node: 7 nm+
- > Key development: Improvement of Image Placement error

	EBM-8000P M	EBM-8000P H	EBM-9000	EBM-9500	EBM-9500PLUS
Technology node	45-20nm	14/16nm	10nm	7nm	7nm+
Current density [A/cm ²] (1000)	400 (1000)	400 (490)	800 (500)	1200 (750)	1200 (750)
Max shot size [nm]	500	350	250	250	250
LCD* [3σ]	2.5nm	1.3nm	1.3nm	1.3nm	1.3nm
IP [3σ]	6nm	4.3nm	3.0nm	2.1nm	1.8nm**
Writing time[H]**	12.0	12.0	6.5	6.0	6.0

*Shot noise (resist sensitivity) is dominant.
 **NFT high density layout
 **Full mask writing time

Problem statement for Image Placement error

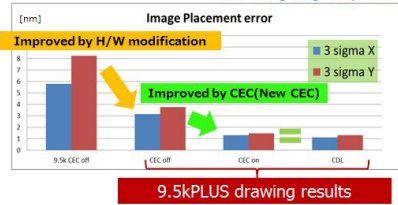
- > Resist charging is dominant error source for image placement error.
 - > NuFlare's mask writer use Charging Effect Correction (CEC) S/W to compensate resist charging error.
 - > Correction residual error is error source for position accuracy. (Especially for complex patterns)
- > Components of resist surface charging
 - > Direct charging
 - > Fogging charging
 - > Re-entering low-energy secondary electron charging



Charging Effect Reduction (CER)

- > CER technology was developed for EBM-9500PLUS.
 - > H/W modification : To reduce fogging charging
 - > New CEC model : To compensate re-entering low-energy secondary electron charging

CER achieves image placement performance equivalent to CDL results.
 *CDL : Coating Charge Dissipation Layer



9.5kPLUS drawing results

Global image placement with low-density layout

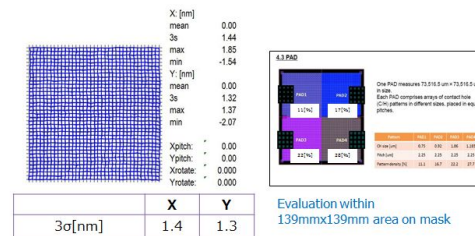
- > Achieved EBM-9500PLUS standard specification. (1.8[nm])

Image placement	#1		#2		#3	
	X	Y	X	Y	X	Y
3σ[nm]	1.4	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.1

Mask to Mask Overlay	#1 - #2		#2 - #3		#3 - #1	
	X	Y	X	Y	X	Y
3σ[nm]	1.2	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.1	1.1

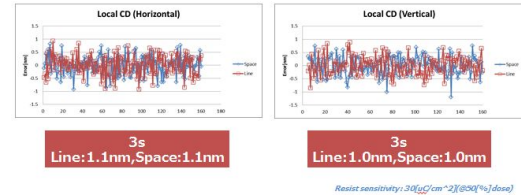
Global position with high-density layout

- > 4 different density pads are placed in global.
- > Achieved EBM-9500PLUS standard specification (1.8[nm])



Local CD accuracy

- > Evaluation by 120nm width space in local area on mask.
- > Line : measurement between exposed lines.
- > Space : measurement on exposed line.
- > Achieved EBM-9500PLUS standard specification. (1.3[nm])

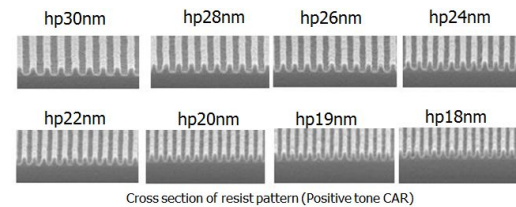


3σ Line:1.1nm,Space:1.1nm

3σ Line:1.0nm,Space:1.0nm

Patterning resolution

> Less than 30[nm] were resolved.



Cross section of resist pattern (Positive tone CAR)

Conclusion

- > We developed EBM-9500PLUS for 7nm+ tn generation.
 - > Charging Effect Reduction (CER) technology is newly introduced to improve Image Placement error with high-density layouts.
 - > CER achieves image placement performance equivalent to CDL performance.
- > Nuflare confirmed performance of EBM-9500PLUS.
 - > EBM-9500PLUS meets standard specification.
 - > Local CD : 1.3[nm]
 - > Global IP with high-density layouts : 1.8[nm]
- > Released for sale on Oct, 2018.

NuFlare Technology, Inc.